

Student: \_\_\_\_\_ Level:  EMT  EMT- I / A Procedure/Skill Evaluation Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Evaluator: \_\_\_\_\_ Start: \_\_\_\_\_ End: \_\_\_\_\_ Total: \_\_\_\_\_ Pass/Fail \_\_\_\_\_  
 Time

## Blood Glucose Assessment

<b>Indications</b>	Altered mental status, confusion or disorientation; any patient in whom you suspect hypoglycemia or hyperglycemia
<b>Red Flags</b>	Contamination of equipment or site can cause false reading. Daily calibration may be required. Do not use venous blood when machine requires capillary blood, or vice versa.

<b>Don appropriate standard precautions</b>	
<b>Prepare Equipment and Site</b>	
Prepare glucometer and equipment	
Ensure glucometer is calibrated	
Ready glucometer for testing (manufacturer's recommendation)	
Open and insert new testing strip	
Power on device so that it ejects testing strip	
Select site - Fingertip or pad of finger	
Prepare site	
Ensure skin is not broken or bleeding	
Massage finger to be used from palm up (if needed and applicable)	
Cleanse area vigorously with alcohol prep pad	
<b>Assess Blood Glucose Level</b>	
Grasp finger to be sampled firmly below pad	
Do not occlude circulation	
Perform puncture with lancet, Quickly and firmly	
Sides of finger pads are less sensitive than pads themselves	
<b>Dispose of sharp immediately into appropriate container</b>	
Apply drop of blood to glucometer strip	
If blood flow is limited, "milk" finger by slowly squeezing from palm to site	
Do not squeeze skin surrounding puncture site	
Watch for glucometer response	
Should begin to count down when a sufficient sample is obtained	
May display error message, follow manufacturer's recommendations	
Control bleeding - Apply adhesive bandage or ask patient to pinch small piece of gauze	
Obtain reading	
Does reading make sense given patient's clinical condition?	
Consider assessing at another puncture site if value seems suspicious	

### Critical Criteria:

- \_\_\_ Don appropriate standard precautions
- \_\_\_ Dispose of sharps in appropriate container